### KLAIPEDA STATE UNIVERSITY OF APPLIED SCIENCES

## **Faculty of Technologies**

STUDY PROGRAMME: GEODESY

STUDY SUBJECT: GEODESICAL DEVICES AND AUTOMATION OF MEASUREMENTS

| Cubicat angun* | Cubicat tuma** | Form of studies | Structure*** |    |    |    | Hours, | Credits |  |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|----|----|----|--------|---------|--|
| Subject group* | Subject type** | Form of studies | T            | P  | K  | S  | total  | Credits |  |
| SK             | D              | Full-time (NL)  | 16           | 26 | 3  | 35 | 80     | 2       |  |
|                | r              | Part-time (I)   | 10           | 8  | 27 | 35 | 00     | 3       |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Subject group: BS—general study subjects; SK—subjects of the study field.

#### **Annotation**

To form the student's competence in the area of geodetic device selection, analysis, metrological provision. The subject analyses optical parts of devices, reading systems, axes of geodetic devices, levels, compensators. Cases of geodetic device maintenance, inspection and repairs are provided. The structure and criteria of measurement automation software, the probability of measurement automation errors. The importance of the global positioning system and its use in measurement automation is presented.

Links between the learning outcomes of the programme and the outcomes of the study subject as well as the

study methods and the student performance assessment methods

| Learning outcomes of the  | Learning outcomes of the   | Study methods   | Student performance   |
|---|--|---|---|
| B2. Able to use modern measuring instruments and to optimally organise and perform measurements, process and analyse measurement results, apply real estate administration, formation and assessment methods in compliance with Lithuanian and EU standards and regulations | study subject  B2.1. Performs optimal measurements and processes measurement results by applying valid legislation.  | Lecture,<br>demonstration,<br>individual tasks,   | assessment methods Individual task report Written survey.           |
| C1. Uses methods of mathematical statistical processing of measurement data, methods of determining measurement reliability and uncertainty, and is able to accumulate, systematise and analyse information obtained from measurements.                                     | C1.1. Knows the principles of operation of measuring instruments and methods for processing measurement data and determining their reliability. C1.2. Understands the importance of measurement reliability and analyses measurement information | Lecture, demonstration, comparative analysis, individual tasks, mastering of measuring equipment, independent work. | Presentation of a comparative report                                |
| C2. Able to apply measurement information for engineering research and solving other applied tasks, designing various maps and IS measurement databases, and applying legal acts in professional  | C2.1. Applies measurement information to engineering research  | Lecture,<br>demonstration,<br>individual tasks<br>involving software  | Individual task report<br>Verification of data<br>synthesis diagram |

Subject content and scope

| Topic name and content description | con | ımber<br>tact ho<br>ull-tim | urs, | con | umber<br>tact ho<br>art-tin | urs, | S | Hour<br>s,<br>total |
|------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|------|-----|-----------------------------|------|---|---------------------|
|                                    | T   | P                           | K    | T   | P                           | K    |   | เบเลา               |

<sup>\*\*</sup>Subject type: P—compulsory subject; A—optional subject (alternative), LP—elective.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Structure T—theory; P—seminars, placements, laboratory works; K—consulting; S—self-studying.

|  | 1        | 1  | 1 |    |   | 1  |    | 1  |
|--|----------|----|---|----|---|----|----|----|
| 1. Requirements for geodetic instruments, metrological       |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| provision.   |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| Independent work No. 1. Requirements for geodetic            |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| devices (electronic tachometer, GPNS receiver, drone and     | 2        | -  | - | -  | - | 2  | 4  | 6  |
| 3D scanner).   |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| Aim: to assimilate the principles of utilisation,            |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| maintenance and construction of geodetic instruments.        |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| 2. The essence of wave and geometric optics. Optical         |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| parts of devices (electronic tachometer, GPNS receiver,      |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| drone and 3D scanner).                                       |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| Practical work No. 1. Optical parts of devices (electronic   | 2        | 2  |   | 2  | 2 |    | 4  | o  |
| tachometer, GPNS receiver, drone and 3D scanner).            | 2        | 2  | - | 2  | 2 | -  | 4  | 8  |
| Aim: to assimilate the principles of operation of optical    |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| parts of geodetic devices and their systems as well as their |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| deficiencies and removal thereof.                            |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| 3. The theory of operation of geodetic devices               |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| (electronic tachometer, GPNS receiver, drone and 3D          |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| scanner), their structure and applications.                  |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| Practical work No. 2. Structures of geodetic devices         |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| (electronic tachometer, GPNS receiver, drone and 3D          | 4        | 6  |   | 2  | 2 | 6  | 5  | 15 |
| scanner) and their applications.                             | <b>–</b> | U  |   |    |   |    | 3  | 13 |
| Aim: to assimilate structures and applications of geodetic   |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| devices, be able to perform experimental measurements.       |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| Compare applications of geodetic devices and their           |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| accuracy in different geodetic works.                        |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| 4. The use of the global positioning system in               |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| measurement automation.                                      |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| Practical work No. 3. The use of the global positioning      | 2        | 8  | _ | 2  | 2 | 6  | 6  | 16 |
| system.  | _        |    |   | _  | _ |    | O  | 10 |
| Aims: to assimilate GPIS measuring methods and be able       |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| to perform experimental measurements.                        |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| 5. Test (topics 1, 2, 3, and 4).                             | _        | _  | 1 | _  | _ | 1  | 3  | 4  |
| Aim: to prepare for the test.                                |          |    | - |    |   | _  |    | ·  |
| 6. Maintenance and repairs of geodetic devices               |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| (electronic tachometer, GPNS receiver, drone and 3D          |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| scanner).  |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| Independent work No. 2. Maintenance of geodetic devices      |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| (electronic tachometer, GPNS receiver, drone and 3D          | 2        | -  | - | 2  | - | -  | 4  | 6  |
| scanner).  |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| Aim: to analyse factors influencing the longevity of         |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| geodetic devices as well as peculiarities of their           |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| maintenance.   |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| 7. Classification of measurement errors.                     |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| Independent work No. 3. Classification of measurement        | _        | _  |   | _  |   | _  |    | _  |
| errors.  | 2        | 2  | - | 2  | - | 2  | 4  | 8  |
| Aim: to describe errors occurring during geodetic            |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| measurements and to classify them.                           |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| 8. Processing of geodetic measurements by using              |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| software (GeoMAP, ArcGIS and BENTLEY).                       |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| Practical work No. 4. Processing of geodetic                 | _        | _  |   |    | _ | _  |    |    |
| measurements by using GeoMAP, ArcGIS and BENTLEY             | 2        | 8  | - | -  | 2 | 8  | 4  | 14 |
| software.  |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| Aim: to process experimental measurements performed by       |          |    |   |    |   |    |    |    |
| using various geodetic devices.                              |          |    | _ |    |   | _  |    | 2  |
| Preparation for examination.                                 | -        | -  | 2 | -  | - | 2  | 1  | 3  |
| Total number of hours  | 16       | 26 | 3 | 10 | 8 | 27 | 35 | 80 |

**Evaluation system for subject learning outcomes** 

| Subject learning outcome No. Subject learning outcome evaluation criteria |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| B2.1.   | Processing of measurements and their results in accordance with    |  |  |
|   | valid legislation  |  |  |
| C1.1.   | Assimilation of the key principles of creating topographic maps of |  |  |
|   | measurements.  |  |  |
| C1.2.   | Understanding the importance of measurement reliability and        |  |  |

|       | analysis of measurement information.                           |
|-------|--|
| C2.1. | Application of measurement information to engineering research |

## **Assessment procedure**

A ten-point criterion scale and a cumulative assessment system are applied.

$$\mathbf{IKV} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathbf{X_i} \times \mathbf{k_i}$$

**n**—number of intermediate assignments (assessment of 1 test, assessment of 1 independent work, assessment of 2 practical works).

**Xi**—assessment of intermediate assignments and the examination (assessment of tests—20 %, assessment of an independent work—20%, assessment of practical works—60%).

**ki**—weighted coefficients of intermediate assignments and the examination (all intermediate works are assessed on a ten-point criterion scale from 5 to 10 points; the weighted coefficient of all intermediate assignments is 1).

#### Recommended literature and other sources of information

|     | Key literature and sources of informatio   | n   |  |  |  |
|-----|--|---|--|--|--|
|     |  | Number of copies                                    |  |  |  |
| No. | Literature and sources of information  | At the library of<br>the Faculty of<br>Technologies | At other<br>libraries of the<br>University |  |  |
| 1.  | Skeivalas J. (2010) <i>Elektroniniai geodeziniai prietaisai, Mokomoji knyga</i> , Vilnius Technika                       | 5   | -  |  |  |
| 2.  | Skeivalas J. (2004) <i>Elektroniniai geodeziniai prietaisai, Mokomoji knyga</i> , Vilnius Technika                       | 15  | -  |  |  |
| 3.  | Steponavičienė J. Tumelienė E. Zigmantienė E. (2005) Geodezijos mokomoji praktika, Metodikos nurodymai, Vilnius Technika | 37  | -  |  |  |
| 4.  | Paršeliūnas E.(2001) <i>Geoinformacinės sistemos: technologija</i> . Vilnius. Technika                                   | 3   | -  |  |  |
| 5.  | Tamutis Z. et al. (1996) <i>Geodezija 2d.</i> Vilnius. Mokslo ir enciklopedijų leidykla                                  | 55  | -  |  |  |

|     | Additional literature and sources of information   |  |  |  |  |
|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| No. | Literature and sources of information  |  |  |  |  |
| 5.  | Fialovszky (Editor) (1991) Surveying Instruments and their Operational principles, Elsevier                  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.  | Topografinio M 1:10 000 Žemėlapio turinys, kodai, sutartiniai ženklai.(2009) National Land Service under the |  |  |  |  |
|     | Ministry of Agriculture,   |  |  |  |  |
| 7.  | Journals "Geodezija ir kartografija". 1996-2011  |  |  |  |  |

# Subject description drawn up by:

| Lecturer   |             | Dainora Jankauskienė    |
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